CITY OF ROSSVILLE, KANSAS

Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 And Independent Auditors' Report

CITY OF ROSSVILLE, KANSAS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Rossville, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Rossville, Kansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 and the notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and KMAAG. Those standards and the guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As describe in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Rossville, Kansas (City) to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the KMAAG, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Rossville, Kansas as of December 31, 2015, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Rossville, Kansas as of December 31, 2015, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the KMAAG described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures – actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures – actual and budget, schedule of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-agency funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the KMAAG. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement as a whole. The "Other Information" on page 31 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, therefore, we express no opinion on it.

Duplu M. Comely, CPA, PC

April 2, 2016

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Beginning Cash Balance	 Cash Receipts	<u>F</u>	Expenditures	_	Ending Cash Balance
General Fund	\$ 180,110	\$ 580,529	\$	676,986	\$	83,653
Special Purpose Funds:						
Special Highway Fund	14,135	53,634		54,751		13,020
Special Street Improvement Fund	16,080	70,000		26,219		59,861
Special Lighting Fund	113	3,218		3,000		332
Special Park & Recreation Fund	1,635	7,916		5,241		4,311
Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund	85,715	4,610		38,146		52,180
Enterprise Funds:						
Water Fund	52,204	212,200		205,740		58,666
Water Reserve Fund	21,277					21,277
Meter Deposits	14,360	3,975		4,315		14,020
Sewer Fund	24,975	148,031		149,064		23,941
Solid Waste Fund	11,436	80,208		78,061		13,583
Capital Project Funds:						
Equipment Reserve Fund	6,284	29,503		28,145		7,642
Capital Improvement Fund	(8,752)	10,000		951		297
Special Project Fund	-	-		-		-
Debt Service Funds:						
Bond & Interest Fund		 				
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 419,573	\$ 1,203,825	\$	1,270,618	\$	352,782
Less Transfers		 109,503	***************************************	109,503		
Actual Receipts and Disbursments		\$ 1,094,322	\$	1,161,115		
COMPOSITION OF CASH:						
Certificates of deposit					\$	153,377
Money market accounts					•	17,350
Operating bank account						159,657
Recreation account						2,371
Development committee accounts						19,857
Petty cash						170
					\$	352,782

CITY OF ROSSVILLE, KANSAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> - The accounts of the City of Rossville, Kansas are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The financial statements includes accounts related to its legally separate component unit, the Rossville Public Building Commission.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City for 2015.

Governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds or account groups.

<u>Special revenue funds</u> - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

Capital project funds - to account for major capital expenditures not financed by other funds.

 $\underline{\text{Debt service funds}} - \text{to account for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general debt obligation.}$

Proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds - to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises, where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is deemed appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

b. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> - These financial statements are presented on a basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund receiving cash from another fund. Cash disbursements are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is decreased. For an interfund transaction, a cash disbursement is recorded in the fund from which the cash is transferred. Expenditures include disbursements and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods and services, and are usually evidenced by a purchase order or written contract.

The municipality has obtained a GAAP waiver from the State of Kansas, which thereby requires this type of special reporting.

- c. Departure from Generally Accepted Accounting Principles The basis of accounting described above results in a financial statement presentation, which shows cash receipts, cash disbursements, cash and unencumbered cash balances, and expenditures compared to budget. Balance sheets that would have shown non-cash assets such as receivables, inventories, and prepaid expense, liabilities such as deferred revenue and matured principal and interest payable, and reservations of the fund balance are not presented. Under generally accepted accounting principles, encumbrances are only recognized as a reservation of fund balance; encumbrances outstanding at year-end did not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Consequently, the expenditures as reported do not present the cost of goods and services received during the fiscal year in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. General fixed assets that account for the land, buildings, and equipment owned by the municipality are not presented in the financial statements. Also, general long-term debt such as general obligation bonds, temporary notes, and compensated absences are not presented in the financial statements.
- d. <u>Budgetary Information</u> Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:
 - 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
 - 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
 - 3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
 - 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. A budget amendment was passed for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

2. DEPOSITS

At year-end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$352,782 and the bank balance was \$363,121. The difference between the carrying amount and the balance are outstanding checks and deposits in transit. At December 31, 2015, the City's deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

Operating Account:	•	
US Bank - Checking Account	\$	159,657
Money Market Account:		
US Bank - Money Market Account		17,350
Certficates of Deposit:		
Rossville State Bank		43,670
Rossville State Bank		21,277
Rossville State Bank		50,200
US Bank		38,230
	-	153,377
Community Development:		
Rossville State Bank		7,159
Rossville State Bank		12,699
	•	19,857
Recreation Association:		
US Bank		2,371
Petty Cash	_	170
	\$_	352,782

The state of Kansas under K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the investments of a City's idle funds, as a result, the above deposits are considered low risk. The differences between the carrying amount and the bank balances are outstanding checks and deposits in transit. K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The bank balance is covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized by pledged securities held under joint custody receipts issued by a third-party bank in the City's name.

3. TAXES

Property Taxes – The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser annually determines assessed valuations and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county.

In accordance with state statues, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the following year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. One-half of the property taxes are due December 20, prior to the fiscal year for which they are budgeted, and second half is due the following May 10.

Motor Vehicle Taxes – Since 1981 most motor vehicles became subject to a special tax paid at the time of registration instead of the traditional property tax. In 1995, the legislature enacted a five-year phase down in the assessment rate on motor vehicles for 30% to 20% of market value.

In 2015, the City received the following from county and state taxes:

	_	General Fund		Special Highway Fund	Special Park and Recreation Fund		Special Lighting		Total
Property Taxes	\$	212,346	\$		\$	\$	2,731	\$	215,077
Motor Vehicle Taxes		31,185					488		31,673
Assessments				23,411					23,411
Sales Taxes		197,139							197,139
Local Alcohol		4,181			4,181				8,363
State Highway Aid	_			29,933		-		-	29,933
	\$_	444,851	\$:	53,344	\$ 4,181	\$	3,218	\$_	505,595

The mill levies for 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	2015	2014
General Fund	29.453	29.414
Special Lighting	0.39	0.385
Total	29.843	29.799

The assessed valuation for 2015 and 2014 was \$6,882,565 and \$6,828,555, respectively.

4. UTILITIES

The City provides water, sewer, and solid waste services. The City reads the meters between the 5th and the 10th of each month and mails their utility bills on the 18th to 20th day of each month for the previous month's service. The utility bills are due by the 5th day of the following month. Payments received after the 5th are subject to a late charge of 10.0% on the current month's activity.

Amounts due to the City for utility services as of December 31, 2015 was \$34,259 and the amount due to customers for utility deposits as of December 31, 2015 was \$11,695.

Utility Rates as of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Water Rates:

Residential:

Minimum charge	\$25.00	includes 2,000 gallons
Next 20,000 gallons	\$1.50	per 1,000 gallons
Excess of 20,000 gallons	\$2.00	per 1,000 gallons

Commercial:

Commercial customers will be charged based on the gallons used from the preceding calendar year. Based on such purchases, commercial customers will be charged during each of the ensuing 12 months a monthly base rate with the majority of customers falling into these usage ranges:

Less then 10,000 gallons	\$30.00
10,00 to 29,999 gallons	\$30.00
30,000 to 89,999 gallons	\$35.00
90,000 to 189,999 gallons	\$40.00
190,000 to 229,999 gallons	\$45.00
230,000 to 249,999 gallons	\$50.00
250,000 to 289,999 gallons	\$100.00

Sewer Charges:

Commercial & Residential Excess of 2,000

\$18.00 Minimimum includes 2,000 gallons \$2.00 Per 1,000 gallons rounded up to the next 1,000 gallons

Residentials are charged up to 18,000 gallons

Trash

\$17.00 Monthly Charge

5. LONG TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is comprised of the following:

GO Bonds, Series 2014, bearing interest of 4.00% through maturity in 2034 (A)

GO Bonds, Series 2012, bearing interest of 3.50% through maturity in 2022 (B)

Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, bearing interest of 2.69% through maturity in 2028 (C)

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, bearing interest of 3.5% through maturity in January 2023. (D)

985,000

\$1.542,372

- (A) On October 1, 2014, the City issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$200,000 to finance certain transportation system improvements. The bonds mature from April 2015 to October 2034 at the stated interest rate of 4.0%. Total interest paid on these bonds in 2015 was \$8,500.
- (B) On April 15, 2012, the City issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$129,000 to finance certain transportation system improvements. The bonds mature from April 2013 to April 2022 at the stated interest rate of 3.5%. Total interest paid on these bonds in 2015 was \$3,535.
- (C) On February 20, 2003, the City issued a note with Kansas Department of Health and Environment in the amount of \$600,000. The purpose of the note was to finance the construction of a new primary cell to the existing lagoon, and new piping and discharge structure. On September 1, 2004, The City began making semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$19,947. Total interest paid on this note in 2015 was \$8,613.

(D) In 2006, the City established the City of Rossville, Kansas Public Building Commission (PBC) for the primary purpose of building a swimming pool. The PBC issued Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$1,090,000 to refinance the original debt. The proceeds of these bonds are held in escrow until 2015 when the remaining 2006 bonds are paid off. The PBC will make annual principal, and semi-annual interest payments at rates ranging from 2.0% to 2.375%. Total interest paid on these bonds in 2015 was \$21,856.

Maturities of long-term debt for years subsequent to December 31, 2015 are as follows:

GO Bonds, Series 2014

2016	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,720	\$ 14,720
2017	7,000	7,440	14,440
2018	7,000	7,160	14,160
2019	8,000	6,880	14,880
2020	8,000	6,560	14,560
2021	8,000	6,240	14,240
2022	9,000	5,920	14,920
2023	9,000	5,560	14,560
2024	10,000	5,200	15,200
2025	10,000	4,800	14,800
2026	10,000	4,400	14,400
2027	11,000	4,000	15,000
2028	11,000	3,560	14,560
2029	12,000	3,120	15,120
2030	12,000	2,640	14,640
2031	13,000	2,160	15,160
2032	13,000	1,640	14,640
2033	14,000	1,120	15,120
2034	14,000	560	14,560
	\$ 193,000	\$ 86,680	\$ 279,680

GO Bonds, Series 2012

2016	\$ 12,000	\$ 3,115	\$ 15,115
2017	13,000	2,678	15,678
2018	13,000	2,223	15,223
2019	14,000	1,750	15,750
2020	14,000	1,260	15,260
2021	14,000	770	14,770
2022	15,000	263	15,263
	\$ 95,000	\$ 12,058	\$ 107,058

Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund

	Pı	Principal		Interest		otal
2016	\$	31,357	\$	8,537	\$	39,894
2017		32,286		7,608		39,894
2018		33,241		6,653		39,894
2019		34,226		5,668		39,894
2020		35,241		4,653		39,894
2021		36,283		3,611		39,894
2022		37,359		2,535		39,894
2023		32,044		589		32,633
	\$	272,037	\$	39,854	\$	311,891

Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2012

2016	\$ 75,000	\$	20,456	\$ 95,456
2017	80,000		18,956	98,956
2018	80,000		17,356	97,356
2019	85,000		16,156	101,156
2020	90,000		14,881	104,881
2021	90,000		12,969	102,969
2022	90,000		11,056	101,056
2023	95,000		9,144	104,144
2024	100,000		7,125	107,125
2025	100,000		4,750	104,750
2026	100,000	,	2,375	102,375
	\$ 985,000	\$	135,225	\$ 1,120,225

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

		Payable at 1/1/2015	-	Advances		Payments	_	Payable at 12/31/2015
KWPCRF	\$	299,828	\$		\$	27,791	\$	272,037
Refunding Rev Bonds 2012		1,055,000				70,000		985,000
Go Series 2014		200,000				7,000		193,000
Go Series 2012		107,000				12,000		95,000
	*********		-		•		-	
	\$	1,661,828	\$	0	\$ _	116,791	\$_	1,545,037

6. LEASES

In 2007, the City entered into a long-term lease and management agreement with Shawnee County, KS for the lease and management of the new Rossville Community Swimming Pool. In exchange for an annual lease payment of \$1 to the City, the County will promote, operate and manage the pool, including but not limited to, the hiring, supervision, evaluation and compensation of a sufficient number of staff for the safe operation of the pool. The County retains all revenues related to the operation of the pool.

In 2015, the City entered into a lease/purchase agreement with US Bank for a police vehicle in the amount of \$29,671. The 3-year lease calls for annual payments of \$10,351 in 2015, 2016 and 2017 at an implicit rate of interest of 2.29%. Total interest cost for the lease amounts to \$1,384 over 3 years.

7. CONTRACTS

The City entered into a three year contract with Shawnee County (County) on August 26, 2013 to provide refuse service to the City. The contact is for a period of five years. The City will pay the

County \$16.00 per month per residential dwelling. The City agrees to provide billing services for the normal residential services and collects the monies to be paid for such service.

8. PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by KSA 74-4901, etc. seq. Kansas Law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. KSA 74-4919 and KSA 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 205. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 0.85% contribution rate for Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 9.48% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$32,470 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2015, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$132,509. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in these financial statements.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES FOR EMPLOYEES

Each employee earns vacation for the years that the employee has been employed. The employee earns one week the first year, two weeks in years two through fourteen and three weeks after fifteen years.

Each full time employee receives eight hours of sick leave each month. Sick leave is accumulated to a maximum of 720 hours.

10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

Employees of the City may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments).

The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the City. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The City is not contributing to the plan.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by an unrelated financial institution. Under the terms of an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the financial institution until paid or made available to the employees or beneficiaries, are the property of the City subject only to the claims of the City's general creditors. In addition, the participants in the plan have rights equal to those of the general creditors of the City, and each participant's rights are equal to his or her share of the fair market value of the plan assets. The City believes that it is unlikely that plan assets will be needed to satisfy claims of general creditors that might arise. As of the report date, the plan assets amounted to \$49,268.

11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Water		94,503
Capital Improvement	10,000	15,000
Equipment Reserve	29,503	
Special Street	70,000	
	\$109,503	\$109,503

12. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The City is engaged in the sale of water, sanitation, and trash to customers located in the City of Rossville, in Shawnee County in Kansas.

13. COMPLIANCE WITH KANSAS LAW

References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the County Attorney and legal representatives of the City. Except for the following, there were no apparent statutory violations during the year ended December 31, 2015 for the funds that were part of this audit.

The City Treasurer did not publish timely the annual financial statements for the year ended 2015 as required by KSA-12-1608.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has various risks including general liabilities, employees injured while working, automobile, etc. The City insures these risks through various insurance policies.

15. INFRASTRUCTURE

The City has elected not to comply with Government Accounting Standards Board 34 (GASB 34), which requires Cities to account for their infrastructure. The City does not account for their infrastructure or capital improvements and instead uses cash basis for their reporting of infrastructure and capital improvement expenditures.

16. PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

In November 2006, the City established the City of Rossville, Kansas Public Building Commission (PBC) for the primary purpose of building a swimming pool. The PBC issued bonds in the amount of \$1,275,000 to fund the construction of the swimming pool. The PBC is a separate entity, and is required to maintain separate accounts, however, as of December 31, 2015 these separate accounts had not yet been established. In addition, the PBC board is required to hold an annual business meeting; no such meeting took place in 2015.

17. LITIGATION

The City did not have any litigation in 2015.

18. CAPITAL PROJECT

On June 4, 2013, the City received notice from the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) that their application for a Transportation Enhancement project was selected for funding. KDOT approved federal funds for the project based on the total project cost estimate of \$665,000. The federal portion of funding was 80 percent of the actual total participating project construction and engineering costs.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events from the financial statement date through April 2, 2016, the date at which these financial statements were available to be issued, and determined there are no other items to disclose.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	-	Expenditures		Adjustment for Qualifying Budget Credit		Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Fund	\$	676,986	\$	-	\$	845,356	\$	168,370
Special Revenue Funds:								
Special Highway Fund		54,751		-		55,000		249
Special Lighting Fund		3,000		-		3,000		
Special Park & Recreation Fund		5,241		-		12,000		6,759
Enterprise Funds:								
Water Fund		205,740		-		252,000		46,260
Water Reserve Fund				-		50,000		_
Sewer Fund		149,064		-		150,939		1,875
Meter Deposit Fund		4,315		-		8,000		3,685
Solid Waste Fund		78,061		-		92,000		13,939
Total budgeted funds		1,177,157	\$		\$	1,468,295	\$	241,139
Total budgeted funds		1,177,137	Ψ		Ψ	1,100,275	Ψ:	211,100
Non budgeted funds:								
Special Highway Improvement Fund Bond and Interest Fund		26,219						
Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund		38,146						
Capital Improvement Fund	-	951						
Total Reporting Entity	\$:	1,270,618						

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual	_	2015 Actual		2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:						
State and County Taxes \$	431,121	\$	444,851	\$	435,368	\$ 9,483
Interest	194		195		200	(5)
Utility Franchise Taxes	45,293		46,525		45,000	1,525
Licenses and permits	2,628		2,472		2,300	172
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	104,930		64,785		105,000	(40,216)
Grant	1,805		1,807		1,000	807
Donation	1,645		1,263		1,000	263
Transfer	34,000					
Miscellaneous and Community Developmen	nt 18,880	_	18,630		5,500	13,130
Total Cash Receipts	640,496		580,529	\$	595,368	\$ (14,839)
EXPENDITURES:						
General Administration	105,273		131,453	\$	131,500	\$ 47
Public Safety	269,085		269,532		276,000	6,468
Street Lighting	17,177		17,565		16,500	(1,065)
Zoning	2,201		2,206		2,500	294
Park Department	33,706		35,109		31,000	(4,109)
Culture and Recreation	4,000		2,000		2,000	
Swimming Pool	112,747		109,118		109,856	738
Capital Outlay			-		201,000	201,000
Debt Service			15,500			
Transfer to Equipment Reserve			14,503		5,000	(9,503)
Transfer to Special Streets	70,000		70,000		70,000	
Transfer to Capitol Improvement			10,000			(10,000)
Transfer to Sewer	10,000	_		<u></u>	·	
Total Expenditures	624,189	-	676,986	\$	845,356	\$ 183,870
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	16,307		(96,458)			
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	163,803	_	180,110			
Unencumbered cash, ending balance \$	180,110	\$ _	83,652			

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

		2014 Actual		2015 Actual		2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:	ф	52.500	ø	52.244	ø	40.400	\$	4,944	
County and State taxes Miscellaneous	\$	52,599 789	\$	53,344 	\$ _	48,400	.	291	
Total Cash Receipts		53,388		53,634	\$ _	48,400	\$ =	5,234	
EXPENDITURES:									
Personal Services		30,529		32,620		28,500	\$	(4,120)	
Capital Outlay		385		3,213				(3,213)	
Commodities		8,079		12,723		11,500		(1,223)	
Contractual Services		9,737		6,195		10,000		3,805	
Transfer		Part 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			_	5,000	-	5,000	
Total Expenditures		48,730		54,751	\$ _	55,000	\$ _	249	
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		4,658		(1,116)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		9,477		14,135					
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	14,135	\$	13,018					

SPECIAL STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual		2015 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS: Transfer \$	70,000	\$	70,000
		, ,	
Total Cash Receipts	70,000		70,000
EXPENDITURES:			
Capital Outlay	68,257		26,219
Total Expenditures	68,257		26,219
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	1,743		43,781
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	14,337	•	16,080
Unencumbered cash, ending balance \$	16,080	\$	59,861

SPECIAL LIGHTING FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	-	2014 Actual	2015 Actual		2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS: County and State Taxes	\$.	3,109	\$ 3,218	\$_	3,121	97
Total Cash Receipts		3,109	3,218	=	3,121	\$ 97
EXPENDITURES: Contractual Services		3,000	3,000	\$_	3,000	\$
Total Expenditures		3,000	3,000	\$ =	3,000	\$
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		109	218			
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		4	113			
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	113	\$ 331			

SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	_	2014 Actual	2015 Actual		2015 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS: County and State Taxes	\$	3,836	\$ 7,916	\$	4,379	\$	3,537
Donation	_	36,876	-	_	<u> </u>		
Total Cash Receipts		40,712	7,916	\$ _	4,379	\$.	3,537
EXPENDITURES: Capital Outlay	_	47,911	5,241	\$_	12,000	\$.	6,759
Total Expenditures		47,911	5,241	\$ _	12,000	\$:	6,759
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		(7,199)	2,676				
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	_	8,834	1,635				
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ _	1,635	\$ 4,311				

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual	2015 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Interest	\$ 109	\$ 200
Other	1,937	4,410
Seized Money	32,000	
Total Cash Receipts	34,046	4,610
EXPENDITURES:		
Contractual	5,172	38,146
Transfer	32,000	
Total Expenditures	37,172	38,146
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	(3,126)	(33,535)
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	88,841	85,715
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ 85,715	\$ 52,180

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

		2014 Actual	2015 Actual		2015 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:									
Water Sales & Other	\$	203,907	\$ 206,523	\$	215,000	\$	(8,477)		
Service Charges		3,335	4,588		5,000		(412)		
Water Protection Fee		980	845		1,000		(155)		
Interest & Misc		929	244						
Connection Fee	_			_					
Total Cash Receipts		209,150	212,200	\$	221,000	\$	(9,044)		
EXPENDITURES:									
Personnel Services		104,261	105,083	\$	115,000	\$	9,917		
Contractual Services		41,452	44,684		30,000		(14,684)		
Commodities		27,232	31,532		23,000		(8,532)		
Capital Outlay		14,419	6,000		30,000		24,000		
Sales Tax		2,302	1,806		2,000		194		
Water Protection Fee		1,727	1,635		2,000		365		
Transfer	_	6,000	15,000		50,000	-	35,000		
Total Expenditures		197,393	205,740	\$	252,000	\$	46,259		
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		11,757	6,460						
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		40,446	52,204						
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	52,204	\$ 58,666						

WATER RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

		2014 Actual		2015 Actual	 2015 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS: Interest	\$		\$		\$ 	\$_	-
Total Cash Receipts		-		-	\$ -	\$ _	-
EXPENDITURES: Capital Outlay		31,030	_		\$ 50,000	\$ _	50,000
Total Expenditures	····	31,030			\$ 50,000	\$ _	50,000
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	\$	(31,030)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		52,307	_	21,277			
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	21,277	\$ _	21,277			

METER DEPOSIT FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	-	2014 Actual	2015 Actual	_	2015 Budget	-	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS: Deposits	\$_	3,675	\$ 3,975	\$_	4,000	\$	(25)
Total Cash Receipts		3,675	3,975	\$ _	4,000	\$.	(25)
EXPENDITURES: Refunds	_	4,515	4,315	\$ _	8,000	\$.	3,685
Total Expenditures	-	4,515	4,315	\$ _	8,000	\$;	3,685
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		(840)	(340)				
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	_	15,200	14,360				
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ _	14,360	\$ 14,020				

SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual			2015 Budget	(1	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Sewer Charges	\$ 136,979	\$ 148,031	\$	145,000	\$	3,031		
Interest								
Miscellaneous								
Transfers	10,000							
Connection Fees								
Total Cash Receipts	146,979	148,031	\$ _	145,000	\$	3,031		
EXPENDITURES:								
Personnel Services	56,902	56,992	\$	62,000	\$	5,008		
Contractual Services	24,336	23,485		28,000		4,515		
Commodities	8,601	8,987		9,000		13		
Debt Service	51,342	51,939		51,939		(0)		
Transfers		-						
Capital Outlay	12,508	7,660	_			(7,660)		
Total Expenditures	153,689	149,064	\$	150,939	\$	1,875		
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	(6,710)	(1,033)						
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	31,685	24,975						
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ 24,975	\$ 23,943						

SOLID WASTE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

		2014 2015 Actual Actual		-	2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS: Solid Waste Charges	\$	79,998	\$	80,208	\$	86,000	\$	(5,792)
Sond Waste Charges	Ψ	77,776	Ψ	00,200	Ψ.	00,000	Ψ.	(3,772)
Total Cash Receipts		79,998		80,208	\$:	86,000	\$	(5,792)
EXPENDITURES:					\$	7,000	\$	7,000
Personal Services Contractual		77,232		78,061	3	7,000 85,000	Э.	7,000 6,938
Total Expenditures		77,232		78,061	\$	92,000	\$	13,938
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		2,766		2,147				
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		8,670		11,436				
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	11,436	\$	13,583				

EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual		2015 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:			
Reimbursement	\$ 1,885	\$	
Transfer	6,000	_	29,503
Total Cash Receipts	7,885		29,503
EXPENDITURES:			
Transfer	2,000		
Commodities	1,953	_	28,145
Total Expenditures	3,953		28,145
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	3,932		1,358
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	2,352		6,284
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ 6,284	\$ _	7,642

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual	2015 Actual		
CASH RECEIPTS:				
Transfer	\$	\$		
Miscellaneous	210,000	10,000		
Total Cash Receipts	210,000	10,000		
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	162,433	951		
Total Expenditures	162,433	951		
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	47,567	9,049		
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	(56,319)	(8,752)		
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ (8,752)	\$ 297		

SPECIAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2015 Actual	 2015 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Grants	\$	\$
Donations		
Total Cash Receipts		
EXPENDITURES:		
Transfer		
Contractual		
Total Expenditures		
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance		
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$	\$

BOND AND INTEREST FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014 Actual	2015 Actual	,	2015 Budget	,	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:						
Transfer Bond Proceeds	\$	\$	\$		\$	
Bond Proceeds						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Cash Receipts			\$		\$	1
EXPENDITURES:						
Refunding	969,823		\$		\$	
Other						
Debt Service	37,156					
Total Expenditures	1,006,979	***************************************	\$		\$	
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	(1,006,979)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning balance	1,006,979	-				
Unencumbered cash, ending balance	\$ 	\$ _				

CITY OF ROSSVILLE

SCHEDULE OF STATISTICS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008-2015

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Population	1,014	1,014	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,151
Valuations	6,262,904	6,471,064	6,474,102	6,450,009	6,503,312	678,786	6,828,555	6,882,565
Mill Levy - Total	21.917	23.140	23.141	25.566	26,136	28,333	29.799	29.843
Net Receipts	\$984,032	\$1,083,331	1,072,384	\$1,051,957	\$2,326,527	\$1,143,673	\$1,369,438	\$1,094,322
Net Disbursements	\$1,417,040	\$1,144,578	1,104,447	\$1,013,184	\$1,191,662	\$1,427,656	\$2,336,483	\$1,161,115
Receipts Per Capita	\$970	\$1,068	1,058	\$914	\$2,021	\$994	\$1,190	\$951
Disbursements Per Capita	\$1,397	\$1,129	1,089	\$880	\$1,035	\$1,240	\$2,030	\$1,009
Long-Term Debt	\$1,975,375	\$1,851,385	1,721,311	\$1,580,103	\$3,713,967	\$2,534,820	\$1,661,828	\$1,545,037
Long-Term Debt Per Capita	\$1,948	\$1,826	1,698	\$1,373	\$3,227	\$2,202	\$1,444	\$1,342